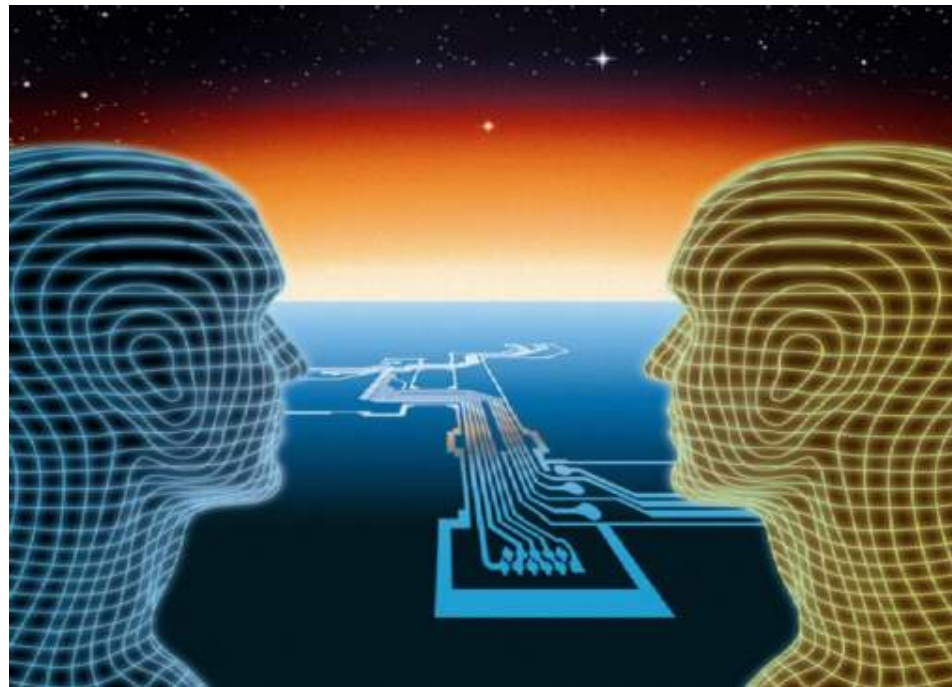
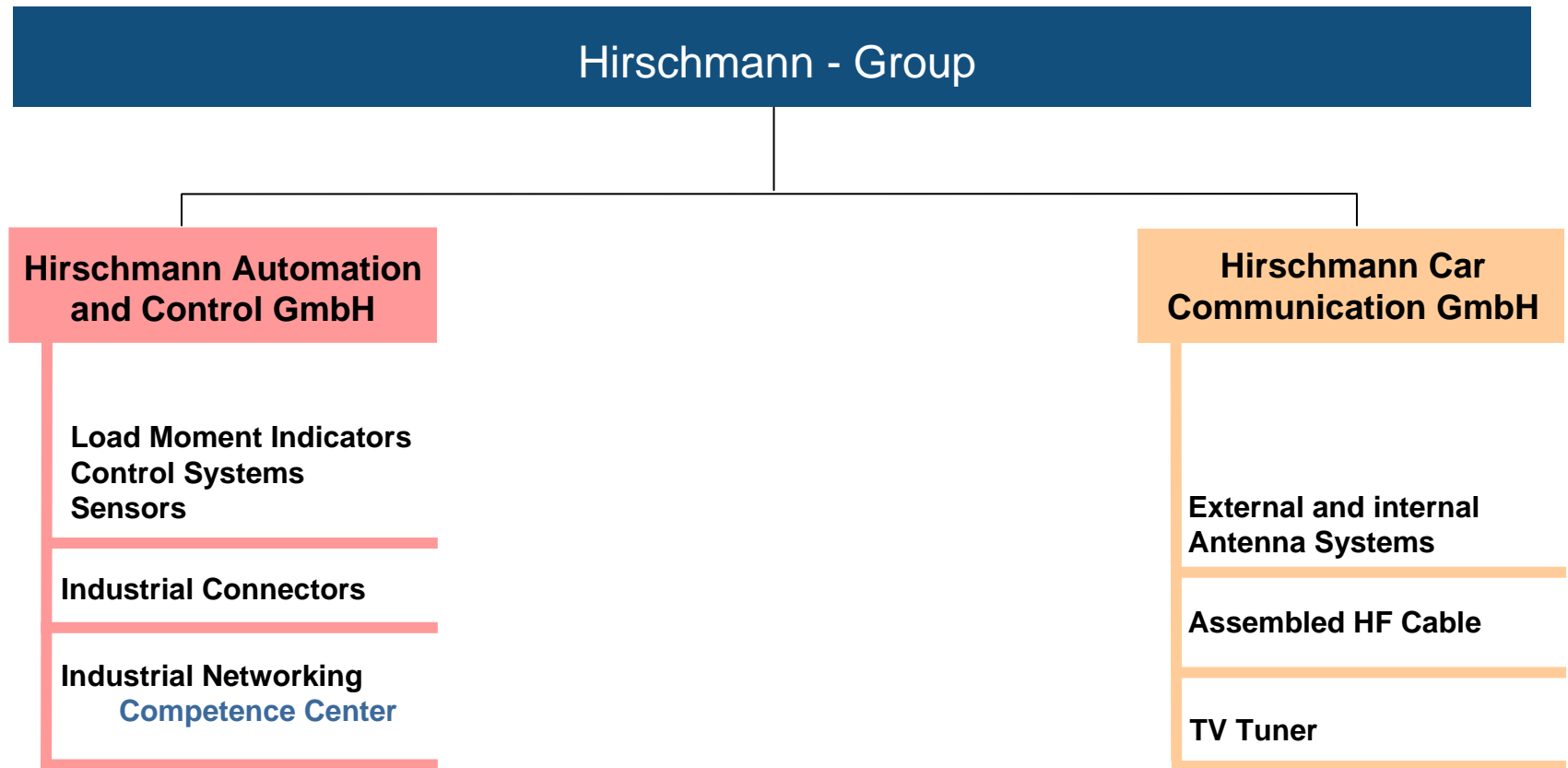


Design of Modern Industrial Networks

The Current Trends



Hirschmann Automation and Control GmbH
Thomas Schramm



Automation

Process



- Chemical
- Metal
- Power Generation
- Power Distribution
- Water/Waste Water
- Oil & Gas,
Petrochemicals

Factory



- Conveyors
- Machinery
- Food & Packaging
- Paper & Printing
- Automotive
- Shipbuilding

Transport



- Railways
- Airports
- Pipelines
- Civil Engineering

Consulting

- Consultation
- Design
- Project Management



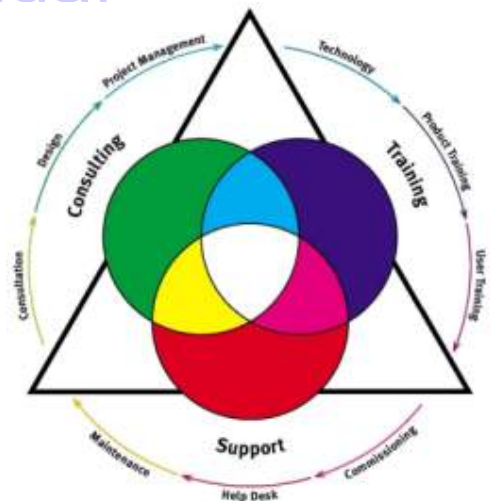
Training

- Technology training
- Product training
- User training

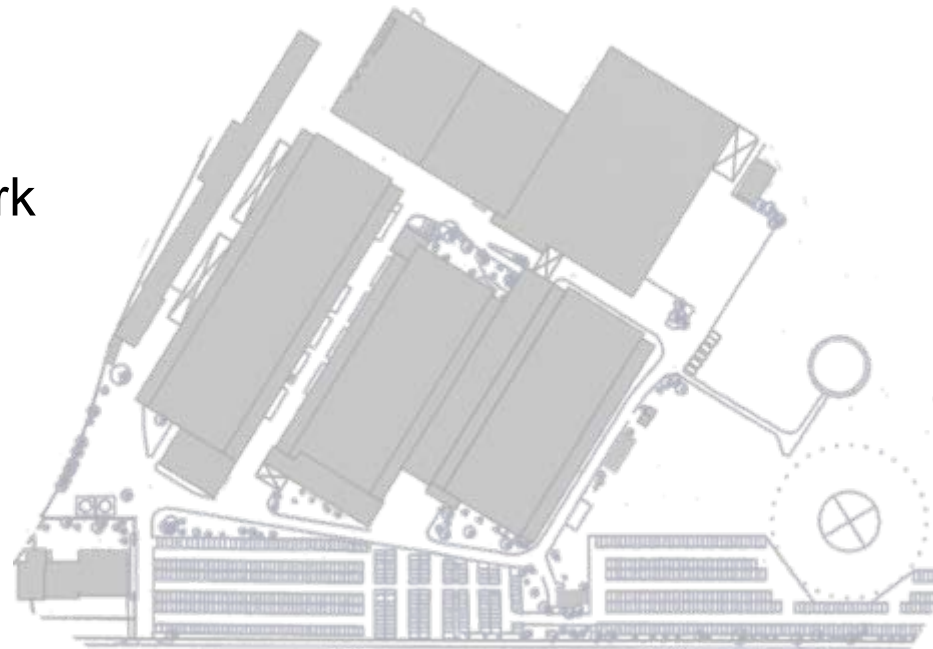
Service Expertise Made to Measure
 - Comprehensive and Individual -

Support

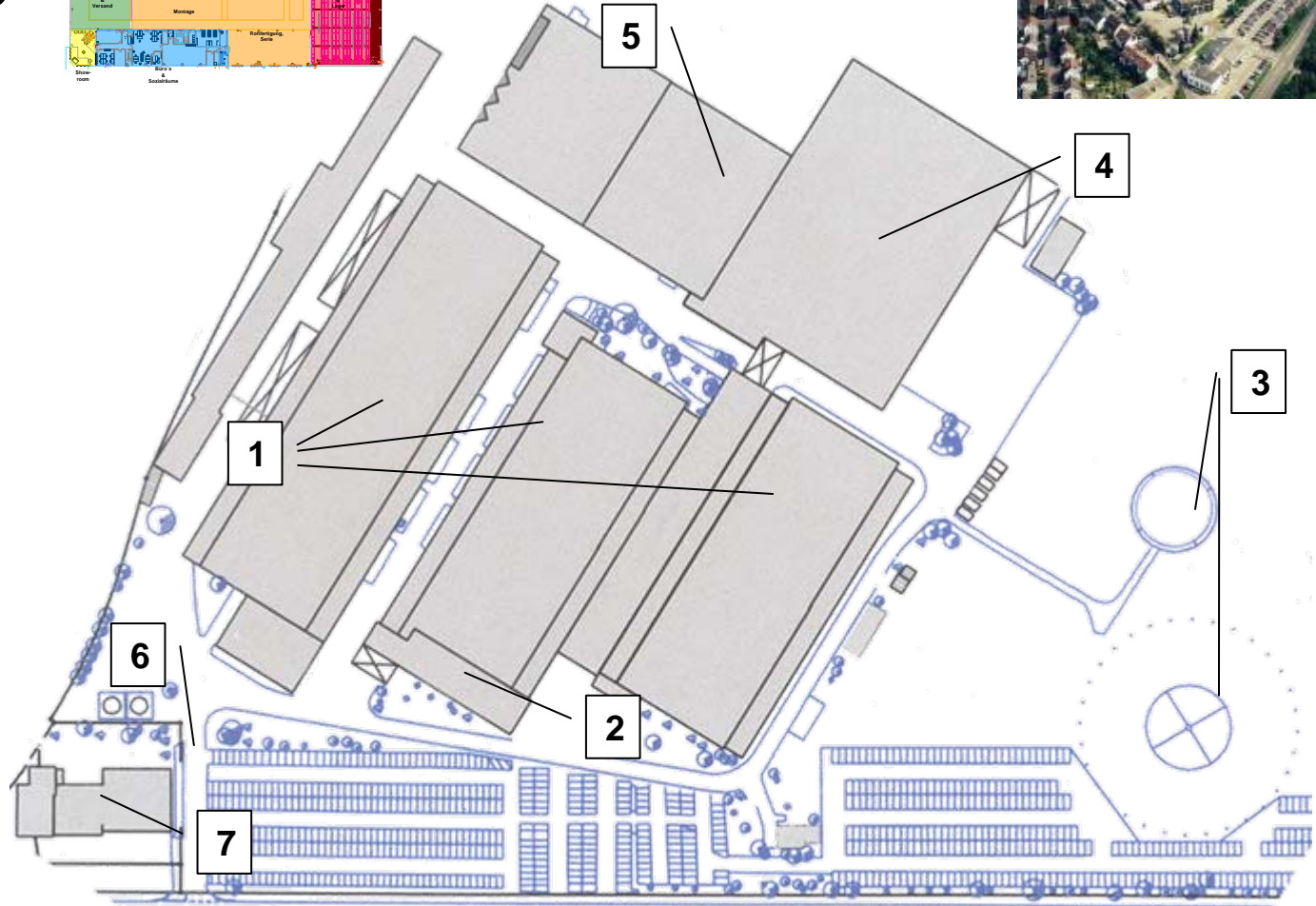
- Commissioning
- Help Desk
- Maintenance



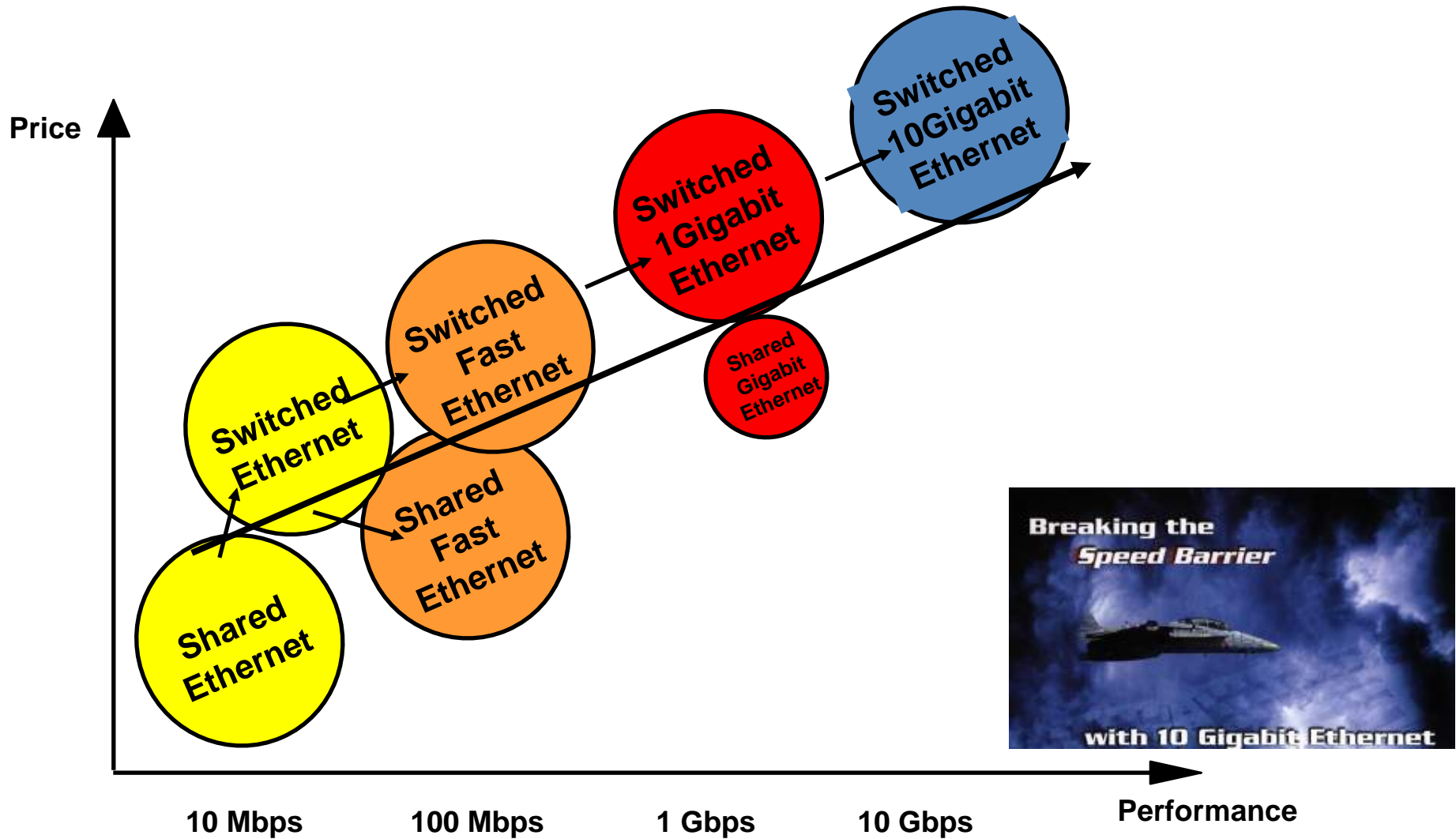
- 2,000 users
- 3,000 IP addresses
- 50,000 m²
- Fibre cable > 1,000 km
- Changing and expanding of network components during live operation
- High temperature requirements
- High EMC requirements
- End-to-End management
- Redundant network design
- Expandable
- Easy diagnostics



1. Building A, B, C
2. Head Office
3. Test area
4. Stores
5. R&D / Sales
6. Front gate
7. EMC building



- Reliability and availability
- Profitability and cost-efficiency
- Performance capability
- Future-proof
- Secure
- Industry-standard and rugged
- User friendly and easy to use
- LAN/WAN/SOHO connection
- Real-time capability
- Scalability
- Training concept
- Service concept
- Compliant to standards (IEEE ...)
- Mobility
- Manageability



Office network:

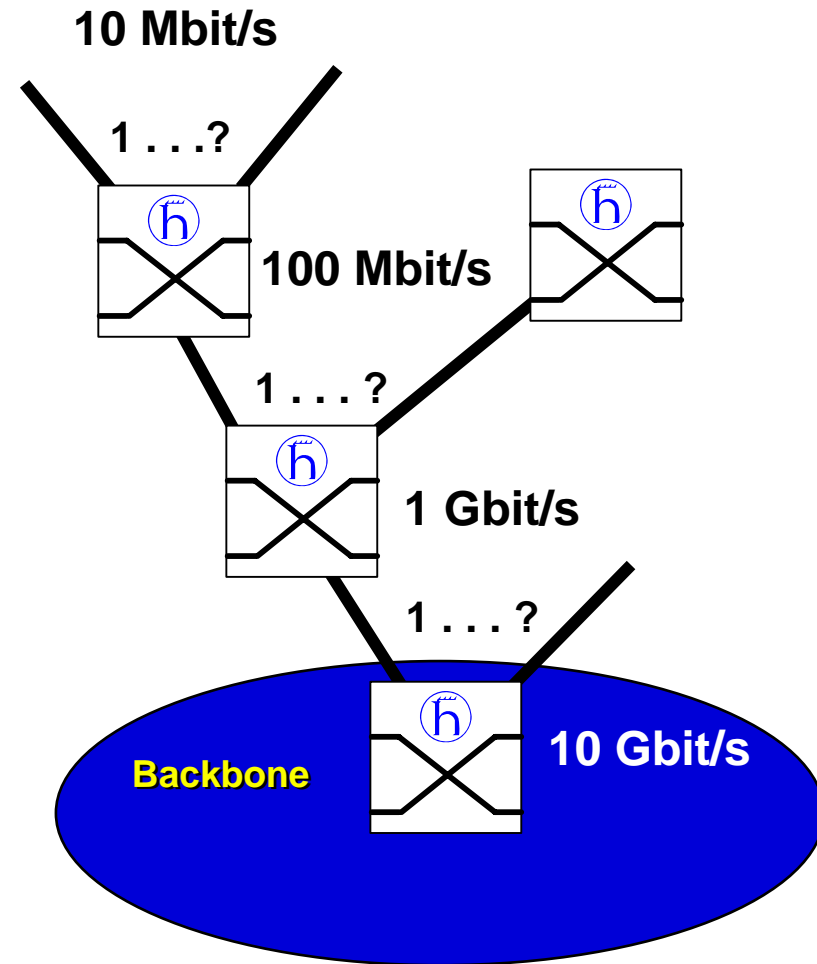
~~100 % Non-blocking architecture~~

less %

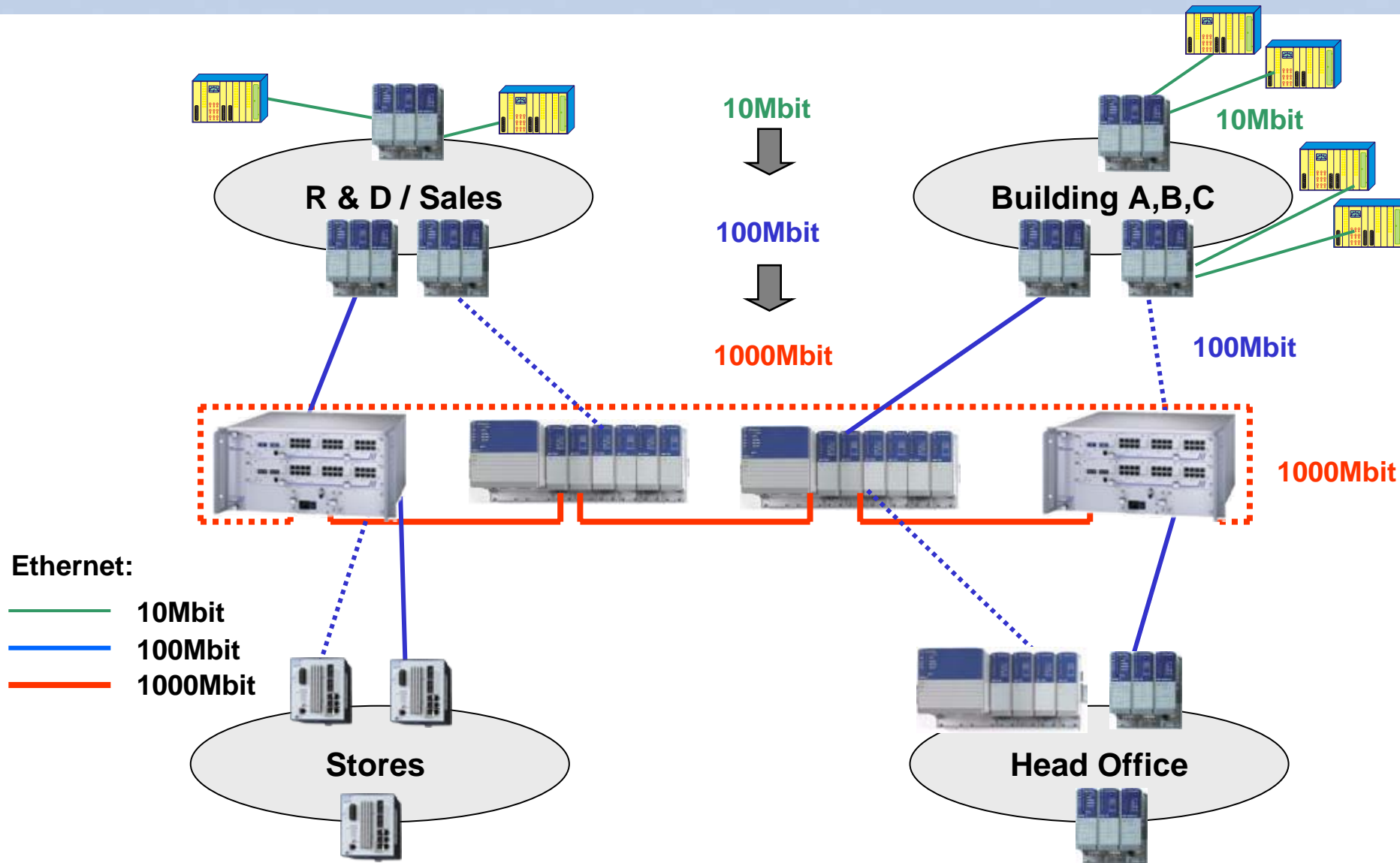
Industrial network:

100 % Non-blocking architecture

or more %



HIPER-Ring topology



Ethernet:

- 1000Mbit
- 100Mbit
- 10Mbit



Modular Gigabit Ethernet backbone switch

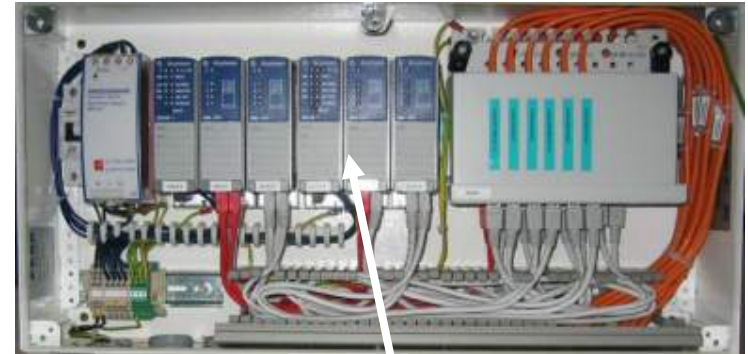
- ❑ High reliability switch
- ❑ High availability switch
- ❑ Security features
- ❑ Convenient network management -
local, web-based, SNMP
- ❑ Protection of investment
- ❑ Modular concept



SNMP = Simple Network Management Protocol

Modular and non-modular Rail Switches

- High reliability switch
- High availability switch
- Fast and easy mounting
- User friendly installation
- Easy to use diagnostics
- Comfortable network management
- Protection of investment



- ❑ The Ethernet company's network will be expanded to include a measurement facility
- ❑ No digging work required
- ❑ The connection to the network will be wireless
- ❑ Demands of the measurement facility network:
 - Mobile users
 - Flexible
 - High bandwidth
 - Industrial demands
 - High reliability
 - Redundancy







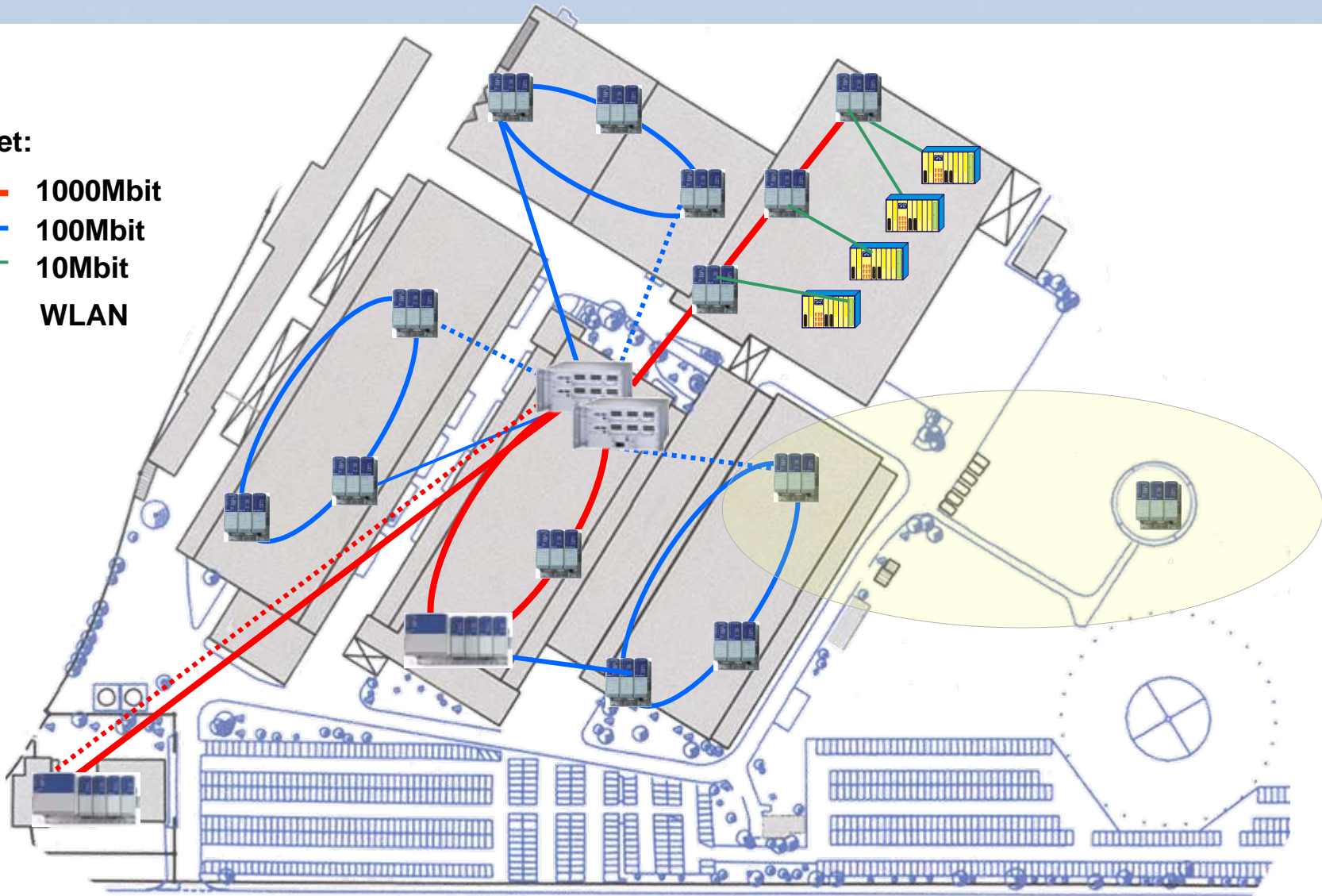
Radome measuring area



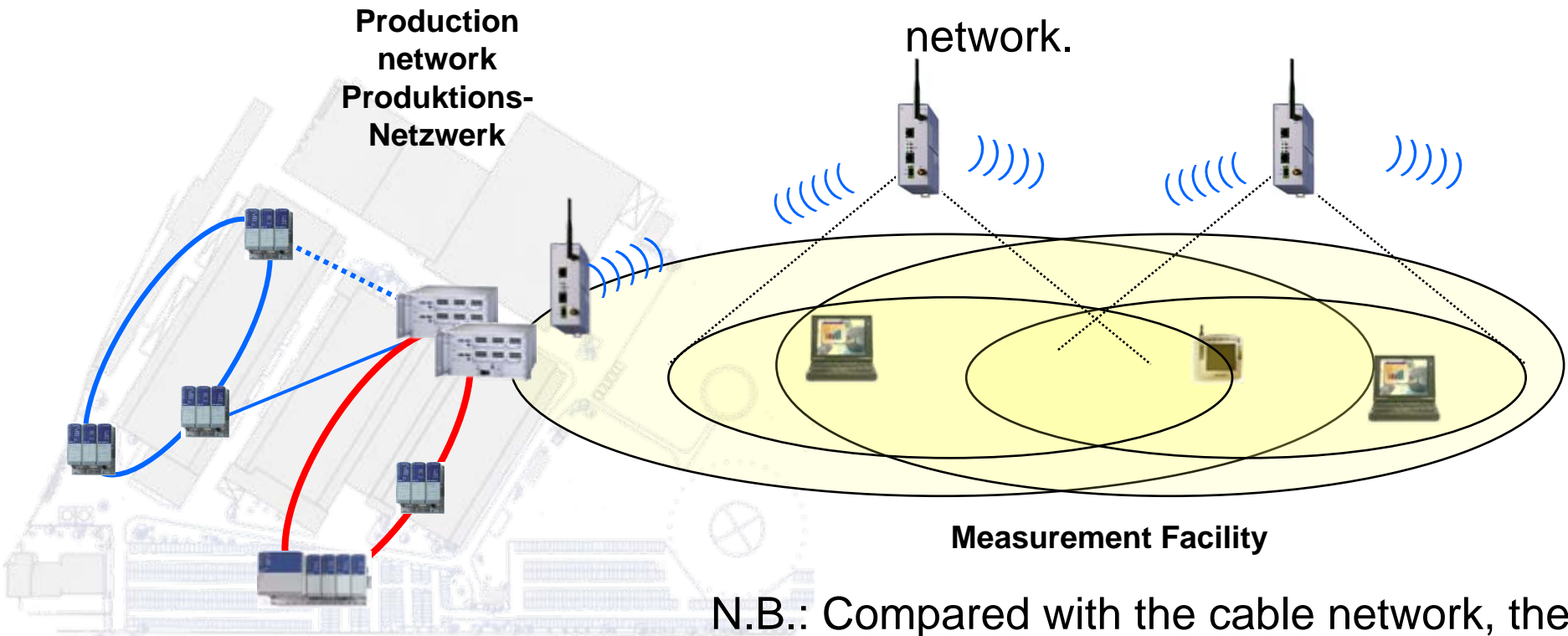
Measurement Facility

Ethernet:

-  1000Mbit
-  100Mbit
-  10Mbit
-  WLAN



Connect the mobile users via the Access Points to the Ethernet network.



N.B.: Compared with the cable network, the wireless network is a “potentially insecure” network.

-> Pay attention to this at the design stage

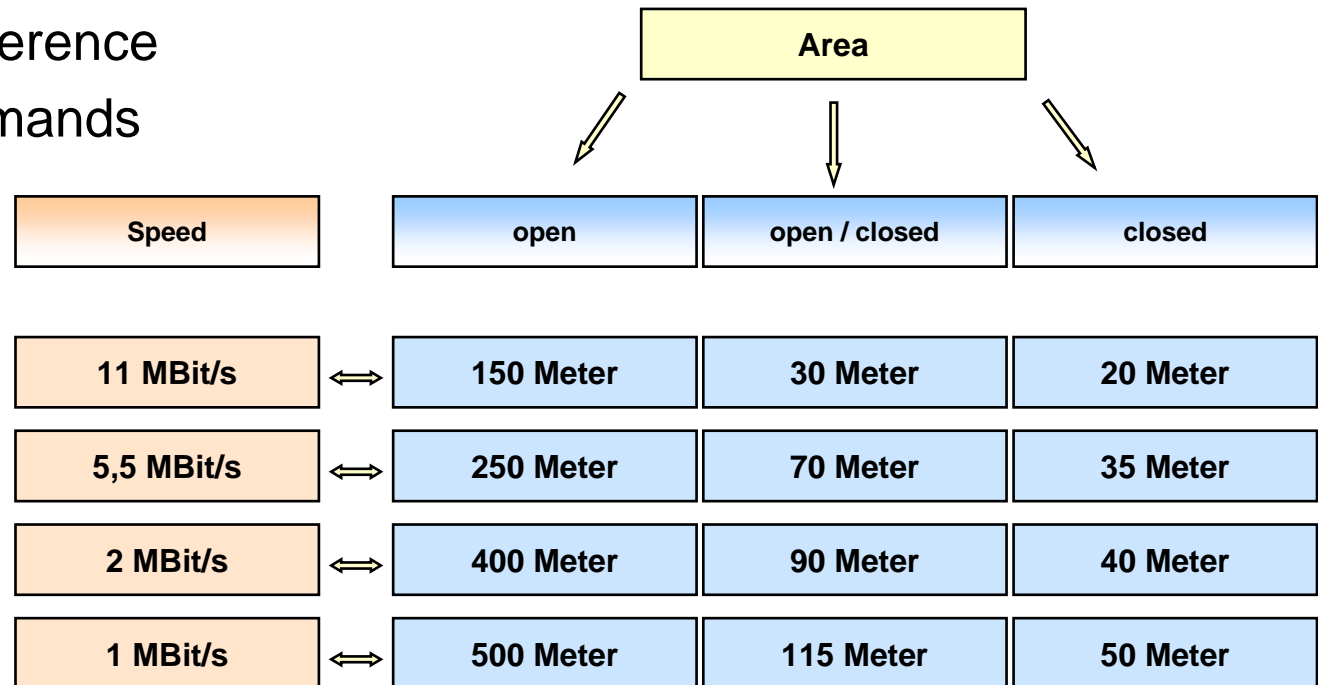
**IEEE
802**

	802.11b	802.11g	802.11a/h
Wave band (MHz)	2400,0 - 2483,5	2400,0 - 2483,5	5150 - 5350, 5470 - 5725
Spectrum	83,5 MHz	83,5 MHz	455 MHz
Non overlapped channels	3	3	8 11
Transmitting power (mW)	100	100	200 - 1000
Data rate gross (Mbit/s)	11	54	54
Data rate net (Mbit/s)	5	22	22
Used for	indoor, outdoor	indoor, outdoor	indoor, outdoor
Range	up to 300 m	up to 300 m	up to 70 m
Modulation process	DSSS	OFDM	OFDM

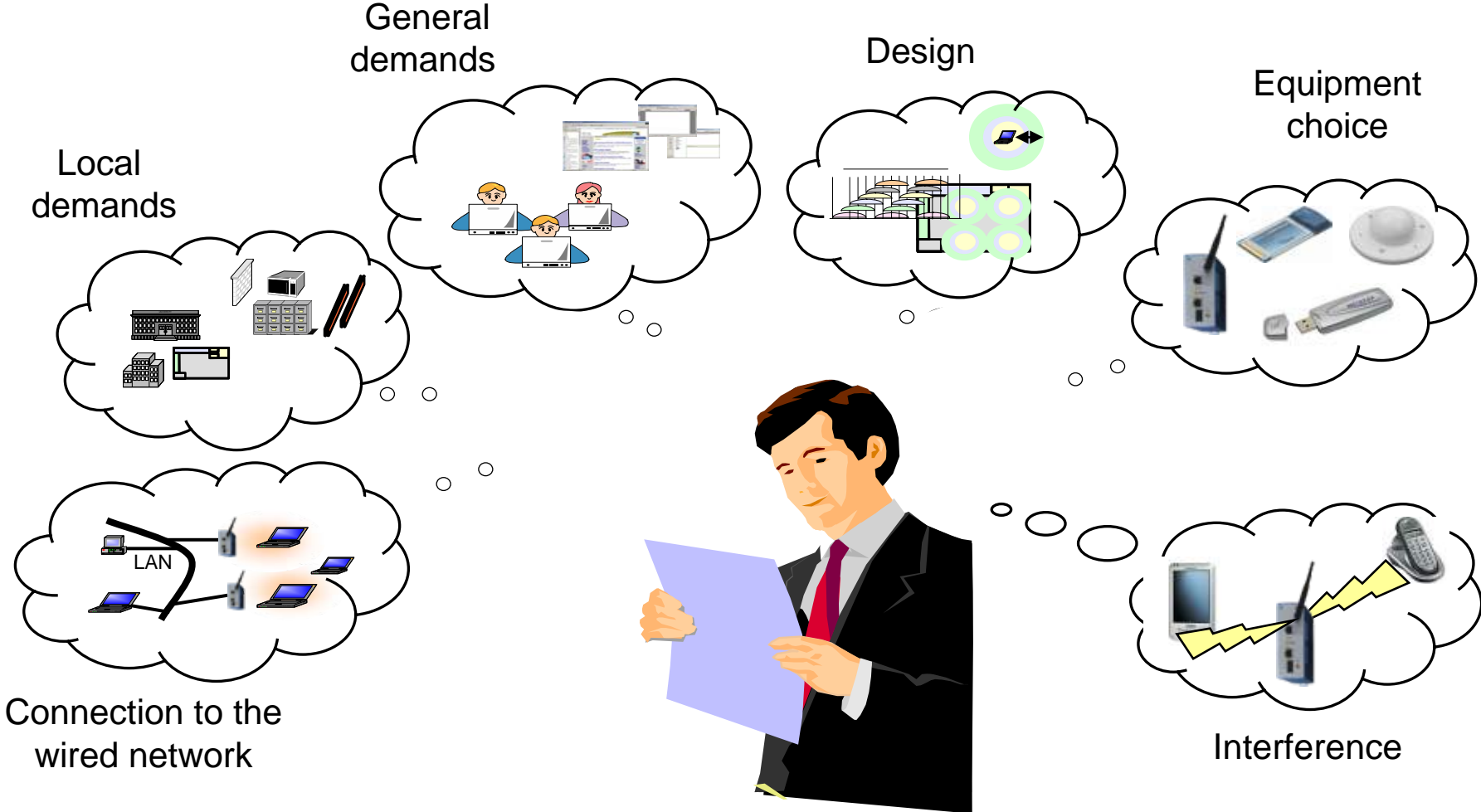
DSSS (Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum) OFDM (Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing)

The range depends on:

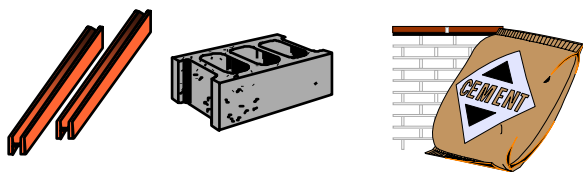
- ❑ Antennas characteristics
- ❑ AP transmitting power
- ❑ HF cable properties
- ❑ Sources of interference
- ❑ Construction demands



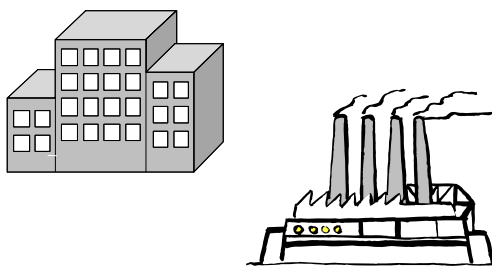
AP = Access Point
HF = High Frequency



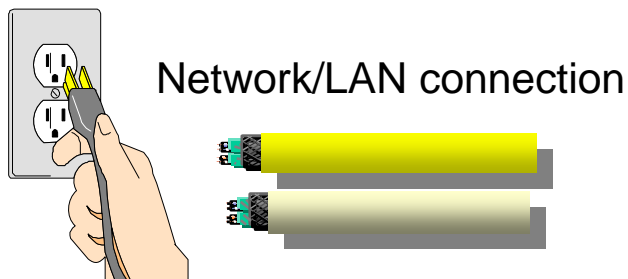
Site survey demands



Material properties



Building information

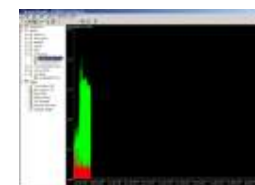


Network/LAN connection

Wireless Site Survey Requirements

- Network plans, pictures ...
- Plan of the area
- Required coverage area(s)
- Information on the redundancy demanded by the customer
- Knowledge on how to and where to attach the wireless infrastructure to the LAN
- The number of the clients
- Where is electricity available or can be made available – is Power over LAN an option?
- Required throughput for each client
- Real time demands
- Where can we connect to the cabled LAN
- Which bandwidth is normally used at the cabled backbone
- Detailed Knowledge on the needs of the customer
- Information on the used/planned clients
- Information on the used/planned applications
- Information on the area(s) to be covered by radio
- Clarification on security aspects
- Knowledge on available antennas

IP	MAC	SSID	Name	Chan
192.168.1.1	08:00:27:00:00:00	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.2	08:00:27:00:00:01	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.3	08:00:27:00:00:02	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.4	08:00:27:00:00:03	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.5	08:00:27:00:00:04	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.6	08:00:27:00:00:05	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.7	08:00:27:00:00:06	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.8	08:00:27:00:00:07	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.9	08:00:27:00:00:08	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.10	08:00:27:00:00:09	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.11	08:00:27:00:00:0A	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.12	08:00:27:00:00:0B	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.13	08:00:27:00:00:0C	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.14	08:00:27:00:00:0D	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.15	08:00:27:00:00:0E	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.16	08:00:27:00:00:0F	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.17	08:00:27:00:00:10	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.18	08:00:27:00:00:11	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.19	08:00:27:00:00:12	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.20	08:00:27:00:00:13	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.21	08:00:27:00:00:14	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.22	08:00:27:00:00:15	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.23	08:00:27:00:00:16	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.24	08:00:27:00:00:17	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.25	08:00:27:00:00:18	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.26	08:00:27:00:00:19	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.27	08:00:27:00:00:1A	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.28	08:00:27:00:00:1B	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.29	08:00:27:00:00:1C	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.30	08:00:27:00:00:1D	Wireless	WLAN	11
192.168.1.31	08:00:27:00:00:1E	Wireless	WLAN	11

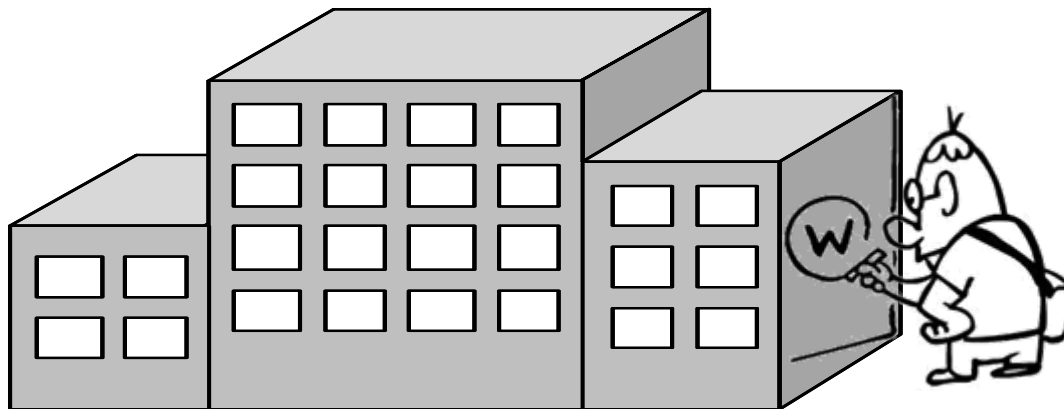





- ❑ Access Point, or Access Client for up to 8 devices
- ❑ IEEE 802.11 standard
- ❑ Plug & Play
- ❑ Large input voltage: 9 up to 32 V
- ❑ Temperature range: -20 °C to 70 °C
- ❑ Full protocol transparency for Layer 3
- ❑ Stable connections
- ❑ Interference robustness
- ❑ Microwave robustness
- ❑ Suitable for hostile environments
- ❑ Accessories such as antennas, mounting plates, cables





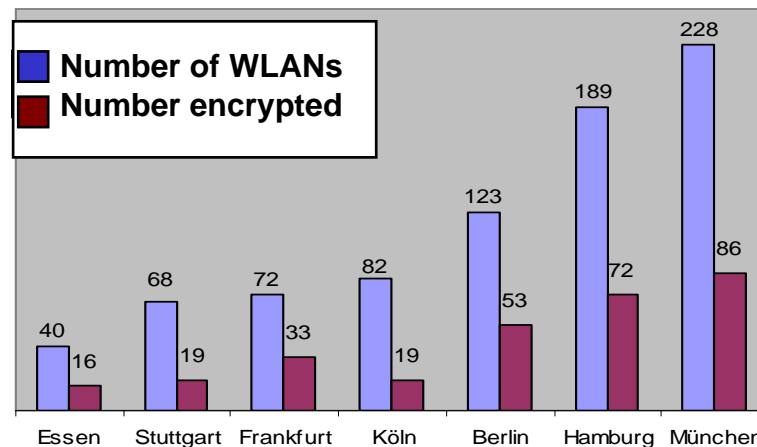
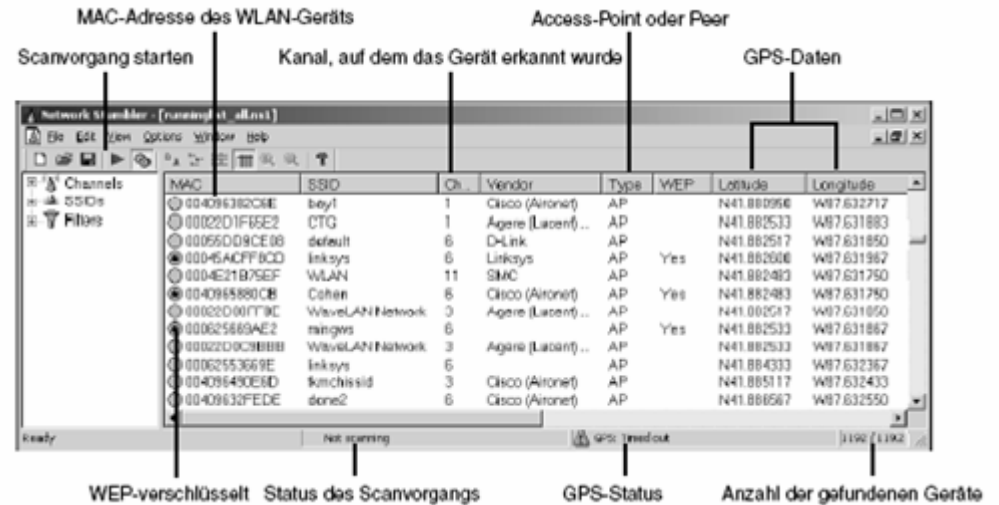
"Warchalking is the practice of marking a series of symbols on sidewalks and walls to indicate nearby wireless access. That way, other computer users can pop open their laptops and connect to the Internet wirelessly."

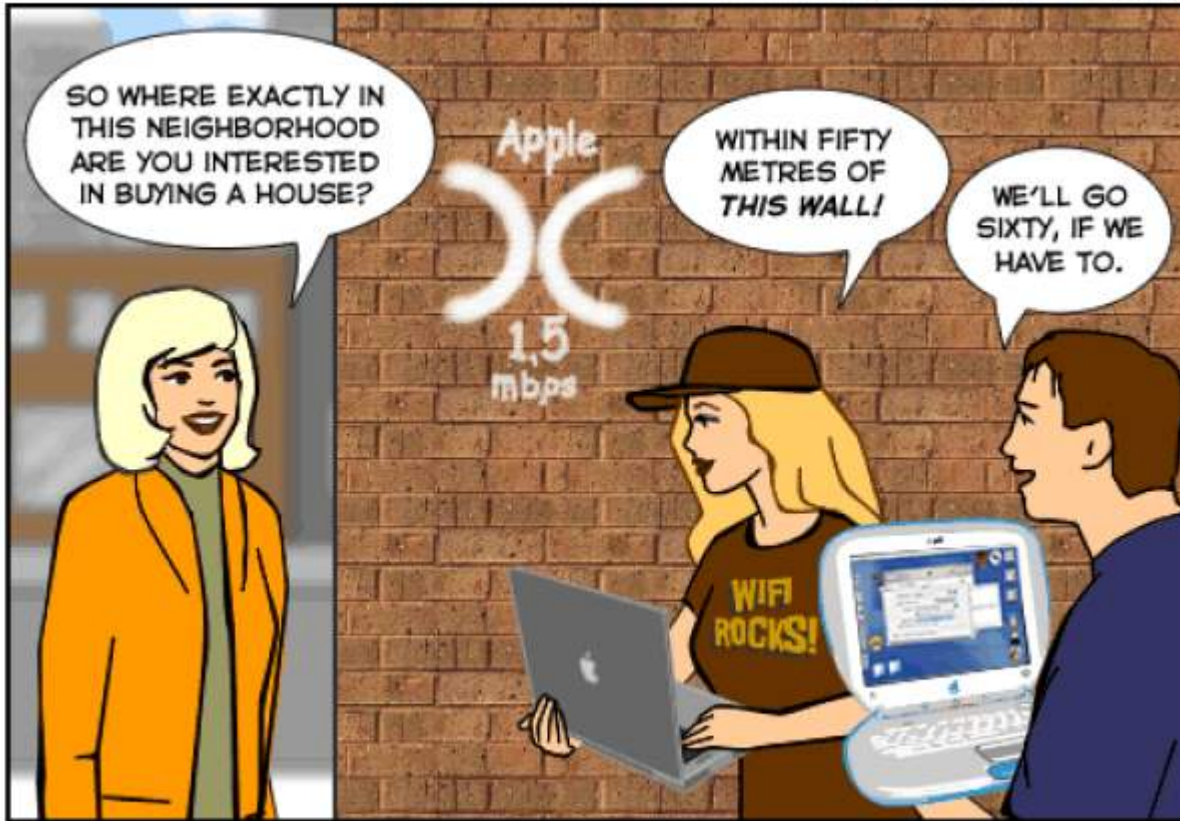


let's warchalk..!	
KEY	SYMBOL
OPEN NODE	ssid  bandwidth
CLOSED NODE	ssid 
WEP NODE	ssid access contact  bandwidth
blackbeltjones.com/warchalking	

- WarWalking
- WarDriving

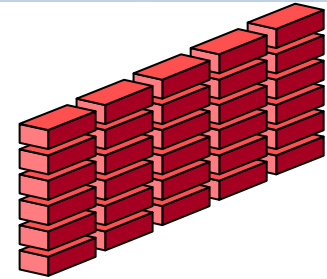
A look at the WLAN





They always dreamed of having a home *in the range*.





Data

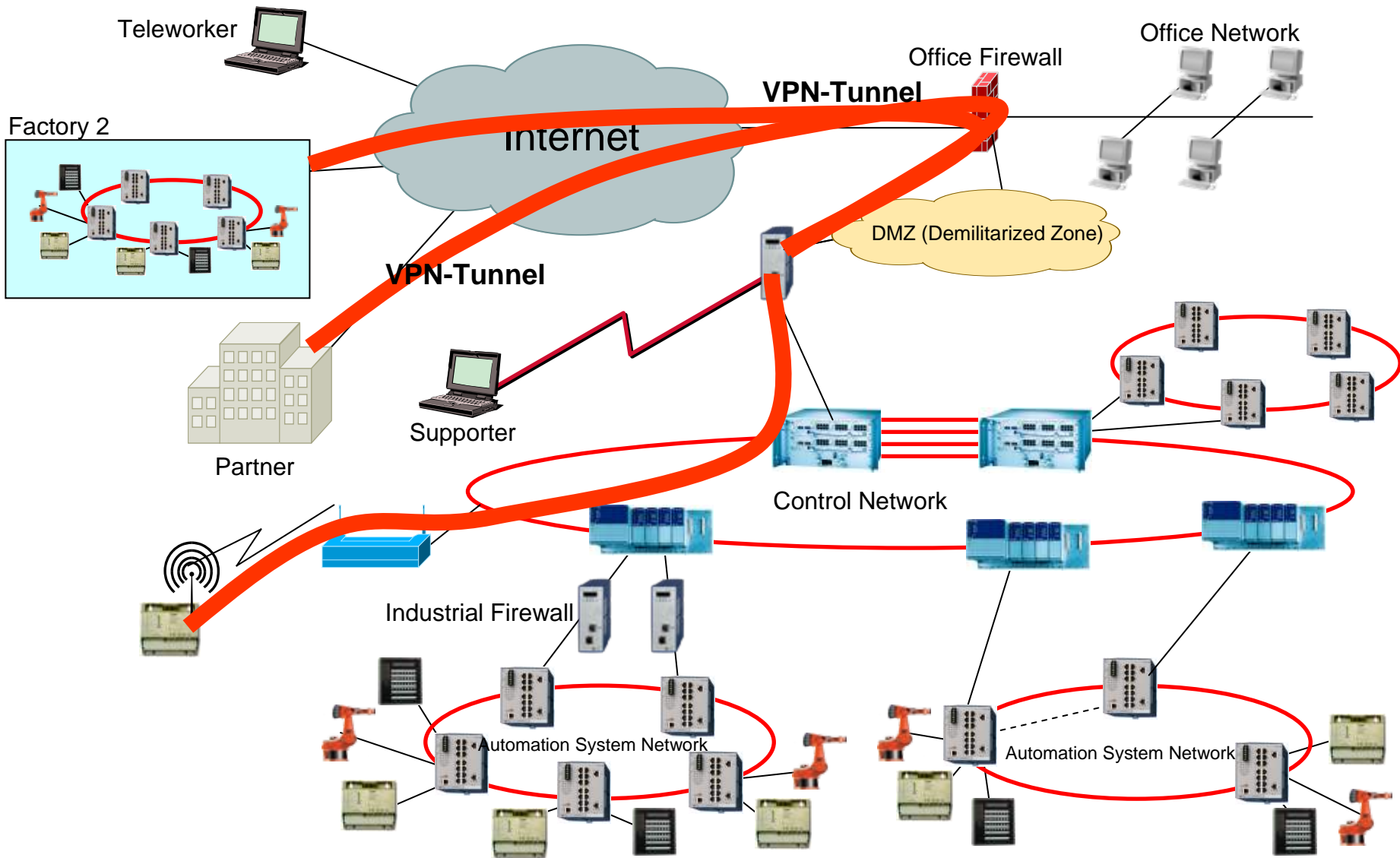
- Hacker attack (viruses...) and faulty operations

System and resources

Image of the company

- Protection of the production network
- More and more industrial espionage

System availability



Scalable Security Functionality:

- Pure Firewall
- Firewall with VPN functionality

Simple Integration into existing networks:

- Single Client Transparent Mode
- Multi Client Transparent Mode

Separation of subnets:

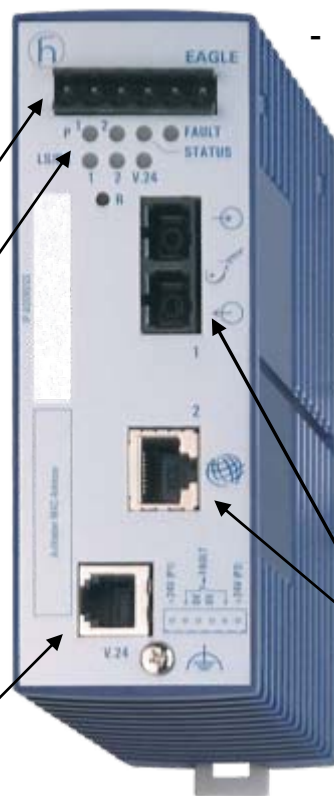
- Router mode

Diagnostics:

- Web-based Management
- Signaling contact
- Status LEDs
- Logging on SysLog Server
- Integration in HiVision

Remote access to the network:

- Dial-in access via V.24



Support of Hirschmann Redundancy scenarios:

- Redundant Ring Coupling
- Dual Homing

Easy Start Up

- HiDiscovery Support
- Support of autoconfiguration adapter

Industrial Graded Design:

- Redundant 24 V power supply
- DIN Rail mountable
- IP20, fanless

Migration into existing networks:

- Twisted pair and optical connection for:
- trusted port
 - untrusted port

- ❑ Ethernet is the communication link between processes, applications and system architectures.
- ❑ Ethernet is open, standardised, and new protocols and improvements are constantly being developed.
- ❑ Different requirements for equipment in industrial environments
- ❑ Comprehensive redundancy results in high network availability.
- ❑ Wireless solutions open the doors to new applications
- ❑ Security is the “hot” topic
- ❑ Advantages of choosing a flat or hierarchical structure
- ❑ Network management is the precondition of high reliability



Industrial Ethernet -

- Secure your investment